#### LONGBENTON

#### URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

County of Northumberland



# ANNUAL REPORTS

FOR THE YEAR

1965

of

A. W. HAY
M.B., B.S., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health

and

R. W. THIRKELL

M.A.P.H.I.

Senior Public Health Inspector

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#### LONGBENTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

#### 1. PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Chairman: Councillor Mrs. I. V. Cummings.

Vice-Chairman: Councillor J. D. H. Davies.

Councillors: Beaumont, Cassidy, J. Fawcett, W. Fawcett,

Harrison, Mrs. Helm, Mrs. Hudson, Kirby, Love, Means, Mitchell, Perkins, Mrs. Smailes, Smith,

Taylor and Thompson.

# 2. PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF.

Office	Officer	Qualifications	
Medical Officer of Health	ARTHUR W. HAY	M.B., B.S., D.P.H	
Senior Public Health Inspector	William N. Lockey	M.A.P.H.I., Cert. S.I.B., Meat & Food Inspector's Cert., Sanitary Science Cert., R.S.H. (Retired June, 1965)	Meat & Food Science Cert.
Senior Public Health Inspector	R. W. Thirkell	M.A.P.H.I., Cert. S.I.B., Meat and Food Inspector's Cert., Smoke Inspector's Cert., Sanitary Science Cert., R.S.H., Hons. Diploma Royal Institute of Public Health and Hygiene. (Appointed June, 1965).	Jeat and Food uspector's Cert., Hons. Diploma Ith and Hygiene.
Deputy Senior Public Health Inspector	W. R. M. GRAY	Cert. S.I.B., Meat and Food Inspectors Cert., Smoke Inspector's Cert.	Inspectors Cert.,
Additional Public Health Inspector	Harry Wilkinson	Diploma P.11.I.E.B.	
Pupil Public Health Inspector	Vacant		
Senior Clerk	Mrs. S. A. J. Bridon		
Clerk	MISS N. BROWN	-:-	

#### 3. LONGBENTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

#### MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

ARTHUR W. HAY

for the year ended 31st December, 1965.

To the Chairman and Members of the Longberton Urban District Council. Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit my Annual Report on the state of public health in the district during the year ended 31st December 1965.

The population at mid-year was estimated at 47,580 which is about the same as last year: this number should increase as Killingworth New Town is developed in the near future.

The vital statistics are presented in their customary form, and it will be seen that there are no significant changes from last year although the trends vary slightly. Infectious diseases showed an increase in numbers caused solely by a measles epidemic which gave rise to 595 cases. Now that a commercial measles vaccine has been made available the incidence of this disease should be reduced in the next few years. The immunisation and vaccination rate in the district is satisfactory and only a small number of children fail to receive protection against the severe infectious diseases of childhood. During the year there were no cases of Whooping Cough, Diptheria, Smallpox, Dysentery, Typhoid or Para-Typhoid Fever. The number of cases of tuberculosis is falling steadily and there was only one death from this disease.

I am pleased to report once again that there were no deaths in association with child birth.

The general causes of death remain as before with Heart Disease heading the list of killer diseases, almost half of the deaths in the district being attributed to this cause. Cancer is again the second commonest cause of death and the marked difference between the number of deaths from cancer of the lung in males (20) and the number of females (4) continues to be seen. The smoking habits of males could undoubtedly be a factor in this result.

The report of the Senior Public Health Inspector lists the routine work carried out by the department. This work under the various Acts increases each year and the amount can be indicated by the number of visits to premises (4,636) which were carried out by the inspectors during the year.

As from April the Council became the Food and Drugs Authority for the district and inspection and sampling of food and drugs are now done by the public health inspectors.

It is satisfactory to see the work being done under the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act. It will be seen that 814 contraventions of the Act were rectified by the action of the inspectors.

In conclusion I would like to express my appreciation to the staff of the department for their assistance during the year and in particular to Mr. Thirkell who became Senior Public Health Inspector in June.

Many thanks are expressed to the members of the Council for their continued interest and support in all measures designed to improve the health of the population.

I have the honour to be, Your obedient servant,

> A. W. HAY, Medical Officer of Health.

#### 4 SOCIAL CONDITIONS AND PHYSICAL FEATURES.

Situated in the County of Northumberland, the Longbenton Urban District covers an area of 6,786 acres, and adjoins the north-eastern boundary of the City and County of Newcastle upon Tyne. The Urban District is governed by a Council consisting of 24 members (Chairman and Vice-Chairman and 22 Councillors) it includes the following areas: Benton, Forest Hall, Palmersville, Killingworth, Benton Square, Holystone, West Allotment, West Moor, Burradon, Annitsford, Dudley, Seaton Burn, Fordley, Wideopen and part of Hazlerigg.

The present Urban District came into being on 1st April, 1935, when there was added to the original Urban District what had been the former Urban District of Weetslade. The original Urban District of Longbenton was first constituted in 1912 by the County of Northumberland Confirmation Order, 1912, the old Weetslade Urban District being first constituted in 1894. Before these dates both authorities were parts of the Rural District of Tynemouth, which is no longer in existence.

The Urban District is situated approximately five miles north-east of Newcastle upon Tyne and is rapidly becoming a dormitory for the workers and business people of that city, and it is approximately the same distance away from the coast at Whitley Bay. In general, the land is mainly flat from west to east, rising gently from Forest Hall, north of the district, and is well-wooded.

Though one of the main industries is coal mining many business concerns are moving into the Urban District being tempted by the attractive facilities offered at Killingworth New Town and Benton Square Industrial Site. The headquarters of the Ministry of Pensions and National Insurance are situated on the outer fringe of the Urban District's southern boundary. The buildings cover an area of approximately 63 acres and were opened in October, 1946. Thousands of men and women are employed here in the supervision of Health Insurance over the whole country, the local administration of which is carried out through 800 offices.

It will be seen that, it is largely an industrial and residential area, which has been continually growing over the years, the climate is an agreeable one and the district has much to offer its residents. The existence of the farmlands within the area assist, of course, in freshening the air, and the Council itself is in the vanguard of the forces pledged to maintain the health of the residents.

#### 5. STATISTICS.

General	1011	103.		
Acreage		• • •	• • •	6,786
Council 3,709, other 11,141		• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	14,850
Number of Other Premises			•••	1,612
Rateable Value		• • •	•••	£1,259,362
Sum Represented by a Penny Ra	te	• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	£5,011
Vital				
Population— 1950 — 27,630 1955 — 37,290 1960 — 49,810 1965 — 47,580 Density of Persons per la	ouse	3.20		
Births—Comparability Factor 0.8	7			
		Male	Female	Total
		315	346	661
Illegitimate	• • •	15	15	30
		330	361	691
Rate per 1,000 population:—				<del></del>
Rate per 1,000 population.—			C.F. Adju	sted
Longbenton U.D		14.52	12.63	
Northumberland County		16.41	16.29	
England and Wales	• • •	18.10		
		Male	Female	Total
Still Births—Legitimate		3	5	8
Illegitimate	• • •			
		3	5	8
Rate per 1,000 Total Live and Sti	ill Bi	rths		11.44
Total Live and Still Births				699
Illegitimate Live Births (% of To	tal I	ive Bi	rths)	4.34
			,	
Deaths—Comparability Factor 1.5	50	Male	Female	Total
Number		229	194	423
Rate per 1,000 population			C.F. Ad	justed
Longbenton Û.D		8.89	13.34	-
2	• • •	12.38	12.62	
England and Wales	• • •	11.50		

The commonest can Heart and Circurater Respiratory I Average age of De Males Females Males and Fe	rculatic Discase eath	on 20 9 8 69	1 1 2 .80 .13	ng 1965 w	vere:	
Infant Mortality Deaths under 1	year o	f age				
				Male	Female	Total
Legitimate				8	4	12
Illegitimate		• • •		2		2
				10	4	14
Deaths under 4	weeks	of age				
Legitimate		• • • •		7	3	10
Illegitimate				2		2
				9	3	12
Deaths under 1	week (	of age				
Legitimate	week	or age		7	2	9
Illegitimate	• • •			1		1
O						
				8	2	10
Infant mortality births)	rates (	total ir	nfant	deaths pe	er 1,000 to	tal live
Longbenton U.S Northumberlan England and W	d Coun	ty 16.	.26 .05 .00			
Infant Mortality-	_					
Legitimate I Live Bir	nfant l ths	Deaths	per	1,000 Leg	gitimate	18.15
Live Bir Illegitimate 1	Infant	Deaths	per 1	1,000 Illeg	gitimate	
Live Bir	ths		• • •			66.67
Death Rate per						
4 weeks	of age	(Neo N	atal N	Iortality 1	Rate)	17 07
All Infants pe Legitimate I						17.37
				Legitimat		15.13
Illegitimate	Infants	per 1	,000	Illegitima	te Live	20120
						66.67

1 week of age (Early Neo-Natal mortality rate All Infants per 1,000 Live Births	
Births	47
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000 Hlegitimate Live Births	62
per 1,000 Total Live and Still Births (Periantal Mortality Rate) 25.7  Causes of Infant Deaths— Prematurity 6 Cerebral Haemorrhage 2	33
Prematurity 6 Cerebral Haemorrhage 2	75
Atelactasis 1  Hydrocephalus 1  Wardnig Hoffmans Disease 1  Motor Vehicle Accident 1	
Maternal Mortality (Including Abortion)— Number of Deaths Nil Rate per 1,000 Live and Still Births 0.00 The natural increase of the population for the year, i.e. the excess of births over deaths, was 268.	he

	-	Total	ler, v		7	Age in Years	şs			
Cause of Death	ý. 	all	weeks under	-ic -ic	551	35	£ .	ic	65	75 and over
Tuberculosis, Respiratory	2.3	_						-		
Other Infective and Parasitic	1 Z 1	_		_						
Diseases Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	1 2 3	9 9	9			_	ç	010	01-	ic -
Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus	171	00 +				c1 —	ισ	1 x -	- ic -	- 01 —
Malignant Neeoplasm, Breast	Z :	X				01	01	01	_	
Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	72	-						_	 en	
Other Malignant and Lymphatic Neoplasms Leukaemia, Meukaemia	12525	12 6 61				¢1	01 to	· co + -	17	cric
Diabetes	- Z :	- ÷						_	_	_
Vascular Lesions of Nervous System Coronary Disease, Angina	777	5.22		_			¢1 IC	. 01 ic 2 i	10 51 55 ;	연변합:
Hypertension with Heart	477	<u>.</u> 4 c.						c —	<del>+</del>	2101-
Other Heart Diseases	. Z. :	1 # 8				c		_	+ +	× <u>7</u>
Other Circulatory Diseases	ZZ	5 1 5 5 1 5				1	- 0	- 3	-	<del>-</del>

DURING 1965 IN THE URBAN DISTRICT OF LONGBENTON—Continued CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE

Tatory M 19	Carron of Boath	Soc	Total	Under weeks	4 weeks				Ag	Age in Years	ars			
M T M T M T M T M T M T M T M T M T M T	Cause of Death	Sec.	ages	weeks	under 1 year		5	_ē1	25_	35	45	55		75 and over
N. 17 N. 18 N. 19	Influenza	7.12	-											-
F. F	Pneumonia		17	_								-	70	<u> </u>
F. W. F. W.	Bronchitis	. Z :	9								7	- 1 -	ာဖ	o o i ir
S	Other Diseases of Respiratory	171	5 <del>4</del> 65					-					C	5 01
s N	Gastritis, Enteritis and	- Z	: cı –		_			•				-	ı —	
N. 3 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 13 20 50 55 FF 194 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 29 55 55 55 7 12 29 55 55 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Nephritis and Nephrosis	Z	٦ ٠		-						-	-		
M 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 1 1 1 1	Hyperplasia of Prostate		ा च								-	-		7
N   18   6   1   1   1   1   2   3   1   1   1   1   1   3   3   1   1	Congenital Malformations	ZZ	∞ <del>-</del>	¢1		-					-			
TAL ALL CAUSES M 229 9 1 — 3 2 2 13 20 50 F 194 3 1 1 — 2 2 2 7 12 29	Other Defined and III-defined Diseases Motor Vehicle Accidents	42421	- <u>8</u> <del>1</del> <del>1</del> · c	७०।	-	-	ଚୀ	_			-	က ၈1	w	IC 17 -1
TAL ALL CAUSES $M = \frac{1}{194} = \frac{3}{3} = \frac{2}{1} = \frac{2}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = \frac{1}{12} = \frac{2}{29}$	All other Accidents	<u> </u>	9 10	_				_		_		¢1 —		- 01
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Suicide	N.								-		-		
	TOTAL ALL CAUSES	NH	229 194	တ ဗ		-	ε	0101	01 01	13	961 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	50 29	40.0	75

#### Causes of Death in the Longbenton Area, 1965

	Causes	of Dea	th			Males	Females
All Causes			•••			229	194
1—Tuberculo	sis of Ro	spirato	ry Sys	tem		1	-
2—Other form						-	******
3—Syphilitic	Diseases						
4—Diphtheria							
5—Whooping	Cough						
6—Meningoco						_	
7—Acute Pol						menument.	-
8—Measles							***************************************
9—Other infe	ective an	d paras	sitic dis	seases		1	
10—Cancer of	Stomacl	1				10	6
11—Cancer of	lung and	l bronc	hus			20	4
12—Cancer of	breast						8
13—Cancer of	uterus						4
14—Cancer of	all other	sites				17	20
15—Leukaemi	a, aleuka	aemia				2	
16—Diabetes						1	2
17—Vascular l	esions of	nervo	us syst	em		22	32
18—Coronary	disease,	angina				51	31
19—Hypertens	sion with	heart	diseaso			4	2
20—Other hea	rt diseas	e				14	26
21—Other circ	ulatory	disease		• • •		7	12
22—Influenza			• • •			1	**************************************
23—Pneumoni	a					17	13
24—Bronchitis						19	6
25—Other dise	eases of r	espirat	ory sys	stem		4	3
26—Ulcer of s	tomach a	and due	odenun	1			
27—Gastritis,	enteritis	and di	arrhoea	ı		2	1
28—Nephritis	and nep	hrosis					2
29—Hyperplas	sia of pro	ostate				4	
30—Pregnancy	, childb	irth, ab	ortion				_
31—Congenita	l malfori	nations	·			3	1
32—Other defi	ned and	iII-defi:	ned dis	eases		18	15
33—Motor vel	icle acci	dents				5	
34—All other	accidents					6	5
35—Suicide					• • •		1

TABLE SHOWING THE INFANTILE MORTALITY RATES SINCE
THE FORMATION OF THE LONGBENTON URBAN DISTRICT
COUNCIL IN 1935.

1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
78.3	85.22	87.3	70.27	51.9	85.7	60.6	51.8	61.1
1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952
35.95	76.54	35.95	36.68	43.68	38.87	31.47	25.80	38.31
1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961
23.76	24.41	35.18	20.40	16.52	18.18	27.71	17.54	15.29
1962	1963	1964	1965					
24.59	14.60	20.46	20.26					

# 6 PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

The following tables show the number and age groups of the cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the year:

#### Infectious Diseases 1964 and 1965

		N	umber	of Cas	ses	
	М	1964 F	Tot	М	1965 F	Tot
Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough	 13	14	27 1	õ	5	1()
Diphtheria Measles Acute Pueumonia	 108	127	235	314	281	595 5
Acute Encephalitis Smallpox Ophthalmia Neona				H		
Puerperal Pyrexia Erysipelas		2	2 5			
Dysentery Typhoid Fever Para-Typhoid	 3	2	5 		1	1
Para-Typhoid     Food Poisoning     Tuberculosis Respi	 9	5	14	1 13	1	13
Menin C.N.S. Other	 1				1	2
TOTA	135	153	288	335	292	627

TABLE OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES (EXCLUDING TUBERCULOSIS) SHOWING THE AGE GROUP DISTRIBUTION DURING 1965

16	Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria Measles Acute Pneumonia Acute Encephalitis Smallpox Ophthalmia Neonatorum Puerperal Pyrexia Erysipelas Dysentery Typhoid Fever	Total Cases Noti- fied 10 10 595	Under   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	1-2 years 176	3-4 years	5-9 years 6 6 1 1 221 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10-14 years 2 2 6	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-44 years	45-64 years 3		Over Age 65 not vears known
	Para-Typhoid Fever Food Poisoning		1		-				11,	_			
	TOTALS	612	19	176	174	227	x	Ç1		Ç1	က	-	

TUBERCULOSIS, 1965.—The following Tables are self explanatory.

	NE		s Notif	IED		DEA	гнѕ	
	Pulm	onary	No Pulm		Pulmo	onary		on- onary
	М.	F	М.	F.	М.	F.	Μ.	F.
Under 5 years			_					
5 to 14 years	1	_						
15 to 24 years			l					
25 to 44 years	3			1	-	1	-	
45 to 64 years	8	-			1	1		
65 years and over	1		_	_	3			
Age not known	_		_					_
Totals	13		1	1	4	2		

Cases Transferred into	Pulmo	nary	Non- Pulmonary	
AREA	M.	F.	M.	F
Under 5 years		-		
5 to 14 years				
15 to 24 years	_		_	
25 to 44 years	2	3		
45 to 64 years		1	_	
65 years and over	1	1		
Age not known		_		
	3	5		

Particulars of Tuberculosis Register as at 31st Dec., 1965.

		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary			Pulmonary ann Non- Pulmonary	
	_	М.	F.	Total	М.	17.	Total	Total
Cases on Register at 1/1/65		274	253	527	4.4	48	92	619
New Cases		13		13	1	1	2	15
Cases Transfered into Area		3	5	8				8
Cases Reinstated		1		1				1
Cases Removed		35	34	69		1	1	70
Cases on Register at 31/12 65		256	224	480	45	48	93	573

#### 7 HEALTH SERVICES

#### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE CLINICS

The following Clinics are held in the district:—

#### BURRADON

CHILD WELFARE CLINIC ANTE-NATAL CLINIC

Alternate Thursday afternoons. Alternate Tuesday afternoons.

#### **DUDLEY**

CHILD WELFARE CLINIC ANTE-NATAL CLINIC IMMUNISATION CLINIC TODDLER CLINIC ANTE-NATAL TALKS Every Tuesday—Full Day.
Every Wednesday afternoon.
Monday afternoon—4 weekly.
3rd Thursday in month—afternoon.
Usually Monday afternoons.

#### FOREST HALL.

CHILD WELFARE CLINIC ANTE-NATAL CLINIC IMMUNISATION CLINIC TODDLER CLINICS (2) Every Tuesday—Full Day.
Every Wednesday afternoon.
Thursday morning—4 weekly.
Both held Thursday mornings—4 weekly.

Ante-Natal Clinic combined with Toddler Clinics

Thursday—4 weekly.

#### KILLINGWORTH.

CHILD WELFARE CLINIC

Alternate Thursday afternoons.

#### LONGBENTON.

CHILD WELFARE CLINIC

Every Monday, all day. Every Friday, all day. Every Tuesday afternoon. Every Wednesday, all day.

Ante-Natal Clinic

Every Tuesday morning 11—12. Every Thursday morning 10—11. Every Thursday afternoon.

Polio Immunisation Clinic

Thursday 4 weekly.

IMMUNISATION CLINIC

Every Friday with Child Welfare Clinic.

Toddler Clinic Relaxation Classes Ante-Natal Talks Thursday—4 weekly Thursday afternoons. Thursday afternoons.

#### WOODLANDS PARK

CHILD WELFARE CLINIC Every Tuesday afternoon.

Alternate Friday mornings. Every Friday afternoon.

Ante-Natal Crinic Every Wednesday afternoon.

Every Thursday morning.

TODDLER CLINIC Held with Child Welfare Clinic Held with Child Welfare Clinic

Ante-Natal Talks Every Thursday afternoon.

#### AMBULANCE SERVICE.

This is operated by Northumberland County Council, ambulances are supplied either from Wideopen Depot or Whitley Bay (for South part of the District). For all parts of the area ambulances may be obtained by telephoning Wideopen 4141.

#### HOME HELP SERVICE.

The Northumberland County Council Home Help service operates in the district. Home Helps are available to householders where such help is required because of illness or confinement. The services of a Home Help are obtained on application to the South East Area Health Office, Shiremoor. Applications need the support of a medical certificate.

# LONGBENTON URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

#### SENIOR PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

for the year ended 31st December, 1965.

To the Chairman and Members of the

Longbenton Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen.

I beg to submit my report for the Public Health Inspection and Refuse Collection Departments for the year 1965.

#### 8. HOUSING.

Details showing the number of families re-housed during 1965 and the numbers still remaining on the Housing Applications List, have been kindly supplied by the Housing Manager who states that all present applicants have re-registered during the year.

The following table shows the number of houses allocated to

the various types of applicants.

Points Scheme:							
Categories: A	\	В	(	D &	O.P.		Total
	5	3	17		31		66
OTHERS:							
Key Workers							5
Special Alloca	tions						9
Slum Clearanc		• •	•	••	• • •	• • •	32
				••	• • •	• • •	52
Transfer of Te	епапсу	• •		• •	• • •	• • •	
Exchanges	• • •	• •		• •	• • •	• • •	92
							190
							190
Allocation of Coun	oil Ha	uneoe n	+ 1/3113	marco	rth Tou	enelii	17.
	CII IIC	ouses a	it IXIIII	ingwo	ith TO	VIISIII	р. 12
Key Workers	• • •	• •		• •	• • •	• • •	12
Overspill Areas							0.=
Newcastle C.B							35
Tynemouth C.	.B.S.						3
Wallsend B.C.							4
Gateshead C.1	3.C.						3
Felling U.D.C.							1
Romford B.C.							1
Chelsea			•	• • •	•••	• • •	1
	• • •		•		• •	• • •	1
Harrow B.C.	. 11 (	• •		• • •	• • •	• • •	1
Birmingham (	B.C.			• • •	• • •		1
							50

62

The following table shows the fluctuation of the number of applicants for Council Houses between 1/4/49 and 1/4/65:

	The females are a second			-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -	
1965	<del>o</del> i	Ξ	101	150	ž.
1961	07	<u>ic</u>	_ 	167	1090
8961	<del>-</del>	- post	621	202	932
1965	<del>- 1</del>	<u>~</u>	50	867	1132
1961 1961	<u>:</u> 1	10	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	176	813
1960	<u>()</u>	=======================================	379	<u>x</u>	1026
6501	37.	ıc	353	f09	1021
1958	39	X	397	755	1001
1957	& 51	~	183	131	653
1956	10	+	=======================================	765	1235
1955	88	9	3. 3.	\$1 \$1	1298
1954	86	50	550	761	1424
1953	116	<del>4</del>	465	717	1322
1952	205	138	532	740	1615
1951	236	150	146	999	1498
1949 1950	<del>21</del>	103	376	582	1273
6161	CATEGORY 'A.' Applicants with homes of their own and residing in overcrowded conditions 255	CATEGORY 'B,' A pplicants withouthomes of their own and residing in overcrowded conditions 213	CAJEGORY 'C,' A pplicants withouthomes of their own but not over- crowded 503	CATEGORY 'D.' Normal applicants desiring improved housing accommodation but not	1586
	CATEGORY Applica with home their own residing overcrowd conditions	CATEGORY Applica withoutho of their and residi overcrowd	CATE App withe of the	CATEGORY Normal applice desirin improved ing accon dation bu	

SLUM CLEARANCE PROGRAMME.

All property considered unfit for human habitation was dealt with by procedure under Part II of the Housing Act, 1957. Demolition Orders being served on the following premises:—

1-26, Lorraine Street, Dudley. 1-28, Hazelrigg Street, Dudley.

1-19, Clayton Street, Dudley.

17-23, Front Street, Seaton Burn.

45-48, Station Cottages, Dudley.

1 and 3. Station Road, Burradon.

By the end of the year 30 families, involving 65 persons had been re-housed from this property. All 26 houses in Lorraine Street, Dudley were demolished.

A Closing Order became operative on Scaffold Hill Farm Cottage, the family of 4 persons being re-housed.

Preliminary action under the same part of the Act was commenced in respect of the undermentioned houses:—

1-49, Office Row, Burradon.

1-14, Double Row, Burradon.

1-25, Middle Row, Burradon.

2-54, North Row, Burradon.

1-22, Burradon Terrace, Burradon.

1-14, Annitsford Terrace, Burradon.

38-42, Burradon Road, Burradon.

Provided that houses become available this property at Burradon will then be tackled. For the future, there remains dwellings in Annitsford and Dudley to be brought within the Slum Clearance Programme.

#### REPAIR OF PRIVATELY OWNED HOUSES.

Tenants of some privately owned houses still find it necessary to approach the Local Authority in order that action can be taken to have premises made fit for human habitation. It would be true to say that the number of complaints received are much less than in previous years. Due partly to the fact that more and more persons are becoming owner/occupiers. In all, some 77 houses were made fit and in only two instances was it necessary to take statutory action.

In one case the work had to be carried out by the Local Authority in default. Complaints of disrepair required work to be done as under:—

External: Roofs.

Eavesgutters and Rainwater Pipes.

External Walls.

Sanitary Accommodation

Yards. Drainage Internal: Ceilings.

Walls. Floors.

Fireplaces. Windows.

Fittings: Sinks.

Water Pipes.

Provision of Dust Bins.

Waste Pipe. Cisterns.

Many of these works were required to remedy dampness and dry rot, to improve lighting and ventilation.

#### RENT ACT. 1957.

As in the preceding year no applications were received for Certificates of Disrepair. Nevertheless enquiries regarding this Act were encountered, both from owners and tenants, so perhaps the advice proferred resulted in solving difficulties without recourse to the involved procedure that would otherwise be necessary.

#### HOUSING.

#### TABULAR STATEMENT FOR YEAR 1965.

Houses Completed during the Year	With State Assistance	Unaided	Total
By Local Authority By any other Housing Authority By private persons	80	159	80  159
Total	80	159	239

Total number of inhabited houses in District 14,850 Total number of houses owned by Local Authority 3,709

#### CLOSING AND DEMOLITION OF HOUSES.

A.	For	RMAL ACTION		
	(1)	Number of houses demolished during 1965 a result of Clearance Schemes or other for action (Number of houses included in above which we from pre-war confirmed Clearance Areas)	mal 	26 —
	(2)	Number of houses closed but not demolished a result of formal action	l as	1
В.	Inf	ORMAL ACTION		
	(1)	Number of houses permanently discontinued dwellings as a result of informal action and included above		
	(2)	Houses demolished	* * *	
		RECONDITIONING AND REPAIR.		
eitl	Nu ner H	mber of houses made fit during 1965 by proclousing or Public Health Acts.	cedure	under
		As a result of Informal Action		75
	(b)	By owners as a result of statutory notice		1
	(c)	By Local Authority in default of owners		I

# Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958. House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959. Improvement Grant

Α.	Dis	scretionary Grants.
	1	Applications submitted to Local Authority during year 12
	2	Applications rejected by Local Authority during year 1
	3	Applications approved by Local Authority during year 11
	4	Approximate average grant approved per house \( \frac{\epsilon}{201} \)
	5	Total number of houses approved for grant since inception of scheme 234
В.	Sta	indard Grants. Total to Date
	1	Number of separate houses for which grants were made during year 8 85
	2	Number of houses provided with:—
		(a) Bath or shower 5 63
		(b) Wash-hand basin 5 66
		(c) Hot water supply 5 60
		(d) Water closet 5 83
		(e) Foodstore 5 49

#### IMPROVEMENT OF HOUSES.

A total of 19 houses were improved during the year, 11 as a result of "Discretionary" grants and 8 "Standard" grants. No further scheme of block treatments were carried out. It has been found that the preparation of plans and specifications obtaining of tenders and supervising the work was an added strain the department could not carry.

There still seems to be some reluctance on the part of owners to take advantage of this worthwhile scheme for house improvement. Many regarding the conditions of grant with some suspicion, often looking for non-existent snags. It is essential that intending applicants, in the case where a house is tenanted, be made aware of the fact that the money they spend can be recovered by rent increase in eight years and that the value of the property is increased.

#### 9. INSPECTION OF FACTORIES AND WORKPLACES.

	Premises		Number of			
			Inspections	Written Notices	Oc'piers P'cuted	
(i)	Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authority	9	2			
( ii )	Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	87	23	5		
(iii)	Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-worker's premises)		15	6		
	Total	126	40	11		

#### DEFECTS FOUND IN FACTORIES.

	Numbe	Number of cases in which pro-			
Particulars	Found	Remed- ied	To H.M.	By H.M. Insp'ctor	secutions were insti-
Want of Cleanliness (Sec. 1)	3	3			
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7) (a) Insufficient	2	2			
(b) Unsuitable or defective	9	9	_		
Total	14	1.1		_	

TABLE OF OUTWORKERS.

Nature of Work	out- workers in August	cases of default in send- ing lists	tions for failure to supply	instances of work in un- whole-	Notices served.	Prosecu- tions.
Wearing Apparel Making, etc. All other	G	-				
outworkers	1		y ************************************			
Total	7					

#### 10. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT.

#### WATER SUPPLY.

Newcastle and Gateshead Water Company provides the Urban District with a plentiful and wholesome supply of water.

The Company takes regular samples at all points from the source to the point of supply, examination includes chemical analysis as well as for the presence of bacteria.

Whenever complaints have been received the Company have always acted speedily and in no instance has any complainant been dissatisfied.

The Health Department took 45 samples for bacteriological examination from dwelling houses, factories, business and other premises from varying parts of the District. Only 3 of these were unsatisfactory, on retake all were wholesome, which suggested contamination during sampling.

The Department also obtained 2 specimens of water which were submitted to the Public Analyst for chemical analysis. A typical report reads:—

hemical Results	Parts per million
Total solids dried at 180°C	190
Chlorine as chlorides	18
Free ammonia	0.06
Albuminoid ammonia	0.06
Nitrogen as nitrates	0.06
Oxygen absorbed (4 hours at	27°C) 2.60
Total Hardness	125
Non-carbonate hardness	25
Carbonate hardness	100
Lead and Copper	None
Iron	None
Appearance and colour	Extremely pale yellow and clear
Smell and Taste	see report
Microscopical examination	
of deposit	satisfactory
pH Value	7.2
-	

Report:—"We have been unable to detect any abnormal smell or taste in this water. In my opinion this water is highly satisfactory for public supply."

#### Drainage.

All enquiries regarding drainage were promptly attended to. This included advice upon the lay out of drainage systems for buildings, the inspections and testing of drains and clearing or renewal of choked and faulty systems. I must thank the Engineer

and Surveyor and his staff for their close co-operation, particularly in coming to assistance when stoppages have occurred during holidays and week-ends when other agencies are unobtainable.

#### Sanitary Accommodation.

Only 2 premises are provided with privy closets, indeed it is significant that many dwellings are now provided with 2 water closets, particularly in the case of where improvement grants have been awarded, the original outdoor closet remaining.

#### DUSTRINS.

Complaints regarding the absence of dustbins or in instances where bins were so defective as to be dangerous when handling always resulted with the provision of a new bin. The Department keeps a supply of dustbins for sale where required.

#### RIVERS AND STREAMS.

Watercourses in the District were regularly inspected and appropriate action taken where necessary.

#### DISPOSAL OF THE DEAD—NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948.

In one instance information was received which made it necessary to arrange for the disposal of the dead. A lady from Seaton Burn having died without assets.

#### Schools.

All schools in the area are provided with a sufficient and suitable water supply from the mains supply together with a water carriage system of sanitary accommodation. Periodical inspections are made of all schools and particular attention paid to those schools provided with school meals facilities, including kitchens.

#### Housing.

The figures produced by the Housing Manager and the Senior Public Health Inspector show the extensive work carried out in the use of new Council Houses.

#### Inspection and Supervision of Food.

- (a) Nutrition.
  - Talks were given to young mothers in Child Welfare Clinics.
- (b) Shellfish and Molluscan.

  There are no shellfish beds or layings in this area. Shellfish is rarely sold in the district.

#### TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS.

There are no caravan sites licensed in the area. There is one caravan licensed and used by the owner of a market garden which is a considerable distance from a built-up area.

#### MOBILE SHOPS

There are still a considerable number of mobile shops operating throughout the district, not only on new estates where new shops have been provided, but in the whole of the district. It would appear that there is a trend towards making more visits to shops and it is felt that perhaps the number of vans is being reduced. Vans are inspected regularly to see that the Food Hygiene Regulations are being complied with.

#### Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963.

During the year 233 premises have been registered, of these 210 have received a complete inspection. This involved some 741 visits. Details are given in the following tables:—

#### Offices, Shops & Railway Premises Act, 1963.

#### (A) REGISTRATIONS AND GENERAL INSPECTIONS.

Class of premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	3	44	39
Retail Shops	4	152	136
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	1	3	3
Catering establishments open to the public—canteens	2	31	29
Fuel storage depots		3	3
TOTALS	10	233	210

Total number of visits of all kinds by inspectors to registered premises under the Act 741.

#### (B) Analysis of Contravenhons.

Section	Number of Contraver found	itions	Section	Number of Contraven found	tions
4	Cleanliness	154	13	Sitting facilities	11
5	Overcrowding		1.4	Seats (Sedentary Workers)	
6	Temperature	168	15	Eating facilities	G
7	Ventilation	16	16	Floors, passage & stairs	49
8	Lighting	48	17	Fencing exposed parts machinery	8
9	Sanitary Conveniences	112	18	Protection of young persons from dan- gerous machinery	
1()	Washing facilities	85	19	Training of young persons working at dangerous mach.	
11	Supply of Drinking Water		23	Prohibition of heavy work	
12	Clothing Accommodation	17	24	First Aid General Prov.	140
				TOTAL	814

#### (C) EXEMPTIONS

No. of applications received	 	One
No. of applications granted	 	None
(i) Space	 	None
(ii) Temperature	 	$\dots$ None
(iii) Sanitary Convenience	 	None
(iv) Running Water		None

#### (D) Prosecutions.

Number instituted and completed during the year ... None

	conviction
NIL NIL NIL	NII.

Number of complaints (or summary applications made under Section 22) None

#### (E) REPORTED ACCIDENTS.

	Number Repor- ted	Total Number Invest- igated	Action Recommended			
Workplace				Formal Warning	Informal Advice	No Action
Offices	3	3			3	
Retail Shops Wholesale Shops Warehouses	3	3			3	
Catering establishments open to public, canteens	2	1			I	
Fuel storage depots					;	
TOTALS	8	7			7	

### Analysis of reported accidents.

	Offices	Retail Shops	Wholesale Ware- houses	Catering establish- ments open to public canteens	Fuel Storage Depots
Machinery	I	-			
Transport					
Falls of persons				2	
Stepping on or striking aga- inst object or person	2				
Handling goods		1			
Struck by fal- ling object		1			
Fires and explosions					
Electricity					
Use of hand tools		l			_
Not otherwise specified					

THE INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

There is now no licenced slaughterhouse in the District. All meat and other foods are inspected either in transit or when offered for sale. As from April, the Council become responsible for food sampling by virtue of being a Food and Drugs Authority.

#### MILK SUPPLY.

Cow byres are licensed by the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. Producers, Dairies, Distributors and Dealers of milk are under the control of the Local Authority.

The following licences have been granted:—

28—Dealers' licences to retail pasteurised milk.

52—Dealers' licences to retail sterilised milk.

3—Dealers' licences to retail untreated milk.

#### MILK SAMPLING.

20 samples of pasteurised milk were examined each in respect of efficient pasteurisation and cleanliness, no failures were reported.

16 specimens of sterilised milk were tested and all proved satisfactory.

In the case of untreated milk 8 specimens were examined for tuberculosis, 8 for brucellosis, 7 for antibiotic assay and 9 for cleanliness. In the latter instance 1 failure was reported.

#### DISEASE FROM MILK.

No action was necessary under Regulation 20 of the Milk and Dairy Regulations, 1949.

#### MILK CONTENT.

The department is equipped with apparatus which can determine the fat content and non-fatty solid content of milk. 20 samples were tested, all were within the prescribed limits.

#### ICE CREAM.

There are no licensed ice cream manufacturers in the District. Premises selling ice cream are registered with the Local Authority, most supplies are sold direct from refrigerators and are prewrapped.

19 samples were obtained for examination, of these 16 were classified grade I this being highly satisfactory, 2 were in grade II, also satisfactory and 1 in grade IV.

Regarding the unsatisfactory sample, the management and the manufacturers were contacted and an investigation commenced.

11 samples of ice-lollies were examined for the presence of coliform bacilli. In no instance was its presence discovered.

#### MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

The following table shows the type and quantity of meat and other foods surrendered for condemnation during 1965:—

	cwts.	lbs.
Meat at Retail Shops		51
Cooked Meat-Meat Products		13
Canned Meats	3	
Fish		28
Fruit and Vegetables	1	
Other Foods		32
Total	5	12

Specimens of raw meat on sale as pet food were examined by the Public Health Laboratory. No pathogens were found. No cases of cystercercus bovis or tuberculosis were encountered during the year. 1 Slaughterman licence was issued, under the Slaughter of of Animals Act.

#### Foreign Bodies in Food.

Various commodities were encountered containing foreign bodies as under:—

Commodity	No.	Foreign Body
Milk	2	Grease on Bottle
Bread	1	Wood
Canned Meat	1	Hair
Cooked Meat	2	Nail and Mould
Meat Pies	2	Insects
Meat Extract	1	Glass
Fish	1	Worm
Jam	1 1	Insect

In 5 cases proceedings were instituted under section 2 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, all prosecutions were successful involving fines and costs of £86.

#### FOOD HYGIENE.

266 inspections were made under this heading during 1965, though no prosecutions were taken many informal notices were sent to proprietors drawing attention to offences against the Food Hygiene Regulations.

#### FOOD POISONING.

One case was notified during 1965. It was not possible to trace the source. Considering the person affected was a transport driver it is feasible to assume that infection had occured elsewhere.

THE SAMPLING OF FOOD AND DRUGS.

Until the 31st March, 1965, Northumberland County Council was the Food and Drugs Authority, since then all sampling has been undertaken by the Urban District. I am indebted to the Chief Inspector of the Weights and Measures Department for kindly furnishing a report of the number taken during this period. Together these samples comprise:

Britter Desiccated Coconut Chicken-n-Bacon Sizzles Evaporated Milk

Cod Roe Fish Cakes
Cream Milk Rice Pudding Glucose D
Cream of Mushroom Sonp Ground Rice

Horseradish Sauce Lard

Lemon Juice Luncheon Sausage

Beef Sausage Mill

Pork Sausage Orange Juice
Meat Mince Pies Orange Squash
Beef Sausage Meat Pork Sausages

Ice Cream Self Raising Flour

Rum and Butter Toffee Shandy

Beer Steak and Kidney Pudding

Gin Sugar

Malt Vinegar Syrup of Figs Margarine Table Jelly

Tincture of Iodine Tomato Piquant

Mincemeat Jam

Vinegar Dairy Cream Steak and Kidney Pie Cascara Tablets

Aspirin Rum

A sample of sausage indicated  $37^{\circ}_{\circ}$  meat only. The owner was cautioned and subsequent samples have proved to be satisfactory.

# Refuse Collection and Disposal.

The standard reached by this Council of having each bin emptied at least once per week has been maintained almost  $100 ^{\circ}_{0}$  during the year and, in certain districts three times per fortnight is recorded last year.

#### STATISTICS.

I beg to append statistics with reference to the refuse collected. The figures are based upon the estimated population for mid-year 1965 47,580 and 15,485 premises.

OPERATIONAL STATISTICS

Percentage of total gross expenditure 5	%. 7.5.2 8.2	#	100		
Totals	£ 29,212 14,437	7,049	51,107	43,145	
Disposal 3	£ 7,942 1,267	916	10,302 7,354	2,948	
Collection 2	£ 21,270 13,170	6,133	40,805	40,197	4,359
Particulars 1	REVENUE ACCOUNT Gross Expenditure (i) Labour (ii) Transport	(in) rlant, equipment, land and buildings (iv) Other items	(v) Total gross expenditure Gross Income	Net Cost	Capital expenditure met from revenue (included above)
Item	_		C1	m	4

	UNIT COSTS.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
5	Gross cost per ton, labour only	18 11	4 10	23 9
,	Collection Item 1 (i) Item 12			
	Disposal <u>Item 1 (i)</u> Item 19 (iii)			
6	Gross cost per ton, transport only	11 8	9	12 5
	Collection $\frac{\text{Item } 1 \text{ (ii)}}{\text{Item } 12}$			
	Disposal Item 1 (ii) Item 19 (iii)			ı
7	Net cost (all expenditure) per ton	35 9	2 7	38 4
1	Collection Item 3 Item 12	,		
·	Disposal $\frac{\text{Item } 3}{\text{Item } 19 \text{ (i)}}$			
8	Net cost per 1,000 population	£ 845	£ 39	£ 884
9	Net cost per 1,000 premises	2,596	115	2,711

10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Area (statute acres)—land and inland water Population at 30th June, 1965 (Registrar-General's Estimate) Total refuse collected What percentage of total refuse collected (tons) is weighed Weight (cwts) per 1,000 population (based on item 11) per day (365 days to year) Number of premises from which refuse is collected Premises from which collections are made at least once weekly Average haul, single journey, to final disposal point (includingmiles by secondary transport) Kerbside collection expressed as estimated percentage of total collection Total refuse disposed of (i) council's own refuse	6,786 acres 47,580 persons 22,500 tons % 25.9 cwts 15,485 premises 100% of total  2.4 miles NIL % 22,500 tons
20	(ii) for other local authorities (iii) total  Methods of disposal (salvage excluded) (a) Crude tipping (b) Controlled tipping (c) Separation/controlled tipping (d) Direct incineration (e) Separation and incineration (f) Other methods (state nature)	22,300 tons 10,200 tons 32,700 tons % 100%%%%%
21	Salvage. Analysis of income and tonnage:  Income (Included in Item 2)  (a) Raw Kitchen Waste (b) Scrap Metal (c) Waste Paper 5,778	Tonnage Collected (Included in Item 12) tons  639
22	(d) Other Salvage 10  (e) Totals 5,788  Trade Refuse: (a) Income £400 (b) Tonnage Not Known	639.4

## DISPOSAL OF REFUSE.

The refuse from this Authority and that of the Urban District of Gosforth has been deposited by means of controlled tipping. During the period the tip at Benton Square was completed and tipping commenced on a new site in the neighbourhood of Scaffold Hill off Whitley Road.

This site has proved ideal, being isolated from centres of habitation and industry. Tipping has been strictly controlled and laison maintained between ourselves and the land owners. The provision of adequate screens and fences has prevented any nuisance occurring. The site is not a large one and attention will soon have to be directed to alternative situations.

## TRADE REFUSE.

The policy of charging 13/- per bin per annum has continued in the case of the removal of trade refuse. The volume of such refuse is increasing steadily as new industries come into operation. Some firms deposit refuse by means of their own transport for which a charge of 5/- per load is made.

#### SALVAGE.

The amount of waste paper collected has increased during the year, receipts totalling over £5,750. This provides added employment, leaves a profit for the Council and saves having to deposit some 600 tons of paper on the tip.

# PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

Rats and Mice—Regular inspections and treatments were made to the refuse tip and sewage disposal works. Allotments and small-holdings in the district are kept under strict observation. Inspections are made by the Council's Rodent Operator and cooperation has been obtained with the respective owners where any infestation of rats has been found. We have contracts with a number of farmers and their premises are given four regular services per year, although the treatments necessary are comparatively small, the farmers seem to be quite satisfied in that we are keeping the premises free from large infestations.

#### SEWERS.

Test baiting of sewers was carried out in May and November, only five "takes" of bait were recorded in May and one in November, these in the same area.

It is to be noted that the number of inspections has risen from 1,866 to 1,999. At the same time the number of treatments found necessary has fallen from 290 to 282 and it is felt that these figures show that our methods are being successful,

The following is a summary of the work carried out during the year:—

	Туј	pe of Pro	perty	No. of Properties in District		Inspections	No. treated by L.A.
Loca	ıl Aut	hority		23	37	76	12
Busi	ness	* * *		1561	219	391	47
HOU	CEC	L.A.		3709	379	579	99
HOU	SES	Privat	e	11141	474	775	113
Agri-	All	otments		360 approx	118	130	4
cult- ural	Oth	Others		28	20	48	7
Tota	.ls			16822	1247	1999	282

Bodies recovered: 118 Rats and 48 Mice.

# DISINFESTATION.

The following table indicates the work done under this section:

Type of Infestat	ion	No. of luspe	Houses ected	No. of Houses Treated by L.A.		
			Council	Private	Council	Private
Furniture Inspections			68	90	67	90
Woodlice				2		2
Woodworm			3	2	1	2
Fleas			3	1	2	1 5
Earwigs			3	5	1	
Wasps			3	8	3	8
Clover mite			42	3	42	3
Blow Flies			1	1	1	1
Bees			1		I	
Mosquitoes			_	1		1
Spider Beetle			_	1	_	1
Silver Fish		[	_	1	_	1
House Fly				1	_	
Bed Bug			1	_	_	
Cockroaches	* * *		185	4()	150	39
TOTALS			310	156	268	154

## Atmospheric Pollution.

The amount of foreign matter in the atmosphere is obtained by apparatus set up at the Health Department Office, whilst another is sited at the National Coal Board Laboratory, Longbenton. This latter equipment is operated and maintained by the National Coal Board to whom thanks are expressed for co-operation as regards access to their records.

These instruments are in continuous operation the amount of air measured and the weight of smoke particles found. The amount of sulpher dioxide can also be calculated.

Our highest monthly average was 341 in December, the lowest was 65 in June. These figures are expressed in micrograms per cubic metre of air.

The figures as plotted on the graph show how pollution is related to the seasons. When one considers that industry is more or less working constantly throughout the year then the source of pollution would appear to be domestic in origin.

## ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION, 1965.

			SMOKE	SULPHUR DIOXIDE				
		Microg	grams per metre.	cubic	Microg	grams per metre.	cubic	
Монтн		Monthly Average.	Highest daily Average.	Lowest daily Average.	Monthly Average.	Highest daily Average.	Lowest daily Average	
January		220	690	44	97	194	38	
February .		199	380	102	59	120	21	
March .		264	664	76	111	332	40	
April .		134	374	35	71	171	31	
May		101	234	70	63	121	32	
June		65	132	19	44	109	22	
July		87	132	20	60	254	28	
August		91	201	31	80	264	29	
September .		134	276	51	59	129	29	
October .		260	620	48	107	233	36	
November .		231	991	54	68	196	32	
December		341	772	77	72	194	34	

SUMMARY OF ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION DATA—YEAR 1965 N.C.B. LABORATORY, LONGBENTON

		autory					MONTH	HT.					
		Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Sulpher Dioxide (micro.g./cu. metre)	min. max.	26 105	32 110	9 169	3	25 139	Nii 116	64	10	33	53	21 204	N:II 93
Smoke (micro.g./cu. metre)	min. max.	82 248	72	58	13 185	48 228	15	128 448	60	60 272	52 544	72	96
Rainfall (ins.)		0.94	1.93	3.26	2.22	2.24	1.07	NN	N.A	4.87	1.07	6.16	1.79
Deposited Matter ton/sq. mile Total undissolved matter		5.06	4.73	16.84	10.40	5.906	1.037	NN	NA	NA 1.41	66.6	4.96	3.10

NA - Not Available.

TABLE INDICATING THE	Numb	ER ANI	Түре	of Ins	PECT	IONS-	1965
Housing.							
General Inspection	18					148	
Defects						388	
Improvements Gra	ants					289	
Slum Clearance						174	
Overcrowding						8	
Public Health.							1,007
Drainage						281	
				* * *	• • •	25	
Sanitary Convenie				• • •	• • •	212	
Infectious Disease					• • •	217	
Nuisances				*		137	
Noise Abatement			• • •	• • •		30	
				• • •		164	
Clean Air Act			• • •	* * *	• • •		
Smoke Nuisances		• • •	* * *			42	
Offensive Accumu			• • •	• • •	• • •	15	
Tents, Vans and S			• • •	• • •	• • •	22	
Keeping of Anima		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	11	
		• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	28	
Rodent Control	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	159	1,343
FOOD AND DRUGS.							1,040
Food Hygiene	• • •					266	
Food Shops						130	
Food Vans	• • •					43	
Food and Drugs A	Act					216	
Shops Act						6	
Unsound Food						25	
Food Sampling						24	
Water Supplies						41	
Water Sampling						46	
Milk Regulations						27	
Milk Sampling			• • •	• • •		41	
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							902

# PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Tipping and Salvage					160	
Scavenging and Transp	ort		• • •		185	
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Scrap Metal Dealers					37	
						593
FACTORIES ACT						40
Offices, Shops and Railw.	AY Pi	REMISES	Аст			741
Petroleum Acts						10
				T()	ΓAL	4,636

Mr. W. N. Lockey retired from the duties of Senior Public Health Inspector on the 30th June, 1965, after long, faithful and efficient service to the Council and I would like to pay tribute to all members of the staff for their continued efficiency and loyalty. I would thank all members and Officers of the Authority and others who co-operated so willingly during the year.

Yours faithfully,

R. W. THIRKELL,

Senior Public Health Inspector.

# MICRUGRAMMES PER CUBICMETRE

